

EXHIBIT 8

AO 88B (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

In re Pharmaceutical Industry
Average Wholesale Price Litigation
 United States of America ex rel.
 Ven-A-Care of the Florida Keys, Inc.

for the

Northern District of Florida

Plaintiff

v.

Actavis Mid Atlantic LLC, et al.

Defendant

Civil Action No. 08-cv-10852-PBS
 MDL No. 1456 08-cv-10852-PBS
 Master File No. 01-12257-PBS
 Subcategory No. 06-1137-PBS

(If the action is pending in another district, state where:
 District of Massachusetts)

**SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
 OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION**

To: Florida Agency for Health Care Administration, 2727 Mahan Drive, Tallahassee, FL 32308

☒ **Production:** **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See the attached Schedule A.

Place: GrayRobinson, P.A., c/o Timothy Cerio, 301 South
 Bronough Street, Suite 600, Tallahassee, FL 32302

Date and Time:

05/18/2011 9:00 am

☐ **Inspection of Premises:** **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:

Date and Time:

The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date: 05/10/2011

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) Defendant Sandoz Inc.

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Stefan M. Mentzer, White & Case LLP, 1155 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036. (212) 819-8200

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)*

This subpoena for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
 was received by me on *(date)* _____.

☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: _____

_____ on *(date)* _____; or

☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also
 tendered to the witness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of
 \$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____ 0.00 _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)**(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.**

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises — or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person — except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

SCHEDULE A

DEFINITIONS

1. The definitions set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34 are hereby incorporated by reference.
2. “CMS” means the United States Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services; its current and former agents, employees, commissioners; and its constituent parts and predecessors, including the Health Care Finance Administration (“HCFA”), the Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”), the Social Rehabilitative Service, and the Department of Health, Education & Welfare; and any other person who currently or formerly acted or purported to act on its behalf.
3. “Communication” means any form of written or oral communication, both internal and external, including letters, memoranda, e-mail, telegrams, invoices, telephone conversations, face-to-face meetings, and other similar forms of communication or correspondence.
4. “Concerning,” “referring to,” “reflecting,” “regarding,” or “relating to” means, in whole or in part and directly or indirectly, about, analyzing, comprising, commenting on, concerning, connected to, constituting, containing, dealing with, describing, discussing, embodying, evaluating, evidencing, identifying, illustrating, in respect thereof, mentioning, noting, rebutting, recording, referring to, reflecting, refuting, regarding, relating to, responding to, setting forth, showing, stating, studying, summarizing, supporting, or in any way pertaining to, either explicitly or implicitly.
5. “Document” means all materials as defined in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34, including handwritten, printed, typed, recorded, photographic, and computer-generated materials

of any kind or nature, however produced or reproduced, whether stored electrically, electronically, electromechanically, mechanically, magnetically, optically, or through other means, and includes any drafts, preliminary and preparatory materials, originals, copies, e-mails, attachments, exhibits, removable notes, and translations or summaries thereof.

6. “Including” means including without limitation.

7. “State” means the State of Florida, its legislative and executive branches and all their agencies (including any agencies that purchase or pay for prescription drugs), boards, commissions, departments, divisions, fiscal agents, instrumentalities, intermediaries, and any other administrative bodies; its current and former agents, employees, officers, officials, attorneys, accountants, administrators, and other Persons or entities involved in administering, overseeing, or monitoring any State Program; and any other person who currently or formerly acted or purported to act on its behalf.

8. “State Medicaid Program” means the State agency responsible for carrying out the Medicaid program in the State; all its branches, agencies, committees, or departments; all its current and former administrators, staff, employees, agents, consultants, accountants, or attorneys; and any other person who currently or formerly acted or purported to act on its behalf.

9. “You” and “Your” refer to the State.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. If it is claimed that a Request calls for documents that are privileged, work product, or otherwise protected from disclosure and such privilege or work product is asserted, identify the nature of the privilege that is claimed, and provide the following information: (a) the type of document (*e.g.*, letter, memorandum); (b) the general subject matter of the document; (c) the date of the document; and (d) such other information as is sufficient to identify the document

for a subpoena duces tecum, including, where appropriate, the author, addressee, and any other recipient of the document, and, where not apparent, the relationship of the author, addressee, and any other recipient to each other. Any part of a document to which the State does not claim privilege or work product should be produced. For each document withheld under a claim of attorney work product, also state whether the document was prepared in anticipation of litigation or trial and, if so, identify the anticipated litigation or trial upon which the assertion is based.

2. Do not withhold the production of documents on grounds that they contain confidential, sensitive, or proprietary information. Any such documents should be produced and appropriately labeled in accordance with the protective order entered in this case, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

3. If a document responsive to a Request was, but is no longer in the State's possession, or subject to its control or in existence, identify the document and state whether: (a) it is missing or lost, (b) it has been destroyed, (c) it has been transferred to others (identifying those persons to whom the documents have been transferred), or (d) it has been disposed of in some other manner. In each instance, explain the circumstances surrounding each disposition and identify the person directing or authorizing its destruction or transfer and the dates of such direction or authorization.

4. These Requests are continuing in character and require You to supplement Your responses and produce additional responsive documents if You locate or obtain possession, custody, or control of such documents at any time prior to trial.

DOCUMENT REQUESTS

1. “Section 4.19(b)” and “Attachment 4.19-B” of each Florida Medicaid State Plan.
2. All communications with CMS regarding (a) the implementation of or amendments to “Section 4.19(b)” or “Attachment 4.19-B” of the Florida Medicaid State Plans concerning pharmaceutical reimbursements, and (b) any proposed or actual changes to the Medicaid formula for reimbursement of prescription drugs (including without limitation both the ingredient cost and dispensing fee components).
3. As reflected in the spreadsheet attached to the e-mail from Gretchen Wallace to Stefan Mentzer dated April 13, 2011, 8:35 a.m., all documents currently or formerly in the custody of Ray Aldridge, Linda Barnes, Greg Bracko, Gary Crayton, Marie Donnelly, Darlene Frost-Penn, George Kitchens, Stephen Lipscomb, Jane Mann, Susan McLeod, “Org Charts,” Jason Ottinger, “Pharmacy GroupShare,” Jim Powers, Sue Preacher, Ralph Quinn, Sybil Richard, Robert Sharpe, Anne Wells, Jerry Wells, Regina Wiggins, and Ken Yon containing the following search terms:
 - a. “State Plan”
 - b. SPA
 - c. 4.19B
 - d. 4.19-B
 - e. 4.19(b)
 - f. “Estimated Acquisition Cost”
 - g. EAC
 - h. “Average Wholesale Price”
 - i. AWP

- j. “Wholesale Acquisition Cost”
- k. WAC
- l. “Average Manufacturer Price”
- m. AMP
- n. pharmac! /5 reimb!
- o. “reimbursement for drugs”
- p. acqui! /5 cost!
- q. nondiscounted /5 AWP
- r. unmodified /5 AWP
- s. “Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services”
- t. CMS
- u. “Health Care Financing Administration”
- v. HCFA
- w. Abt
- x. “Myers & Stauffer”
- y. “Myers and Stauffer”
- z. M&S
- aa. “Provider Synergies”

EXHIBIT A



**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

**IN RE: PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY
AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICE
LITIGATION**

)
)
) **MDL NO. 1456**
)

) **CIVIL ACTION: 01-CV-12257-PBS**
)

**THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO
ALL ACTIONS**

) **Judge Patti B. Saris**
)
)

PROTECTIVE ORDER

Pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, it is hereby stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties, through their respective counsel, as follows:

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Protective Order shall apply to the actions that have been consolidated for pretrial proceedings as *In re Pharmaceutical Industry Average Wholesale Price Litigation*, MDL No. 1456, Civil Action No. 01-12257-PBS and all future actions that are transferred to MDL No. 1456 for coordinated or consolidated pretrial proceedings (collectively referred to herein as “the AWP Litigation”).

2. The terms and conditions of this Order shall govern initial disclosures, the production and handling of documents, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admissions, depositions, pleadings, exhibits, other discovery taken pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and all other information exchanged by the parties or by any third party in response to discovery requests or subpoenas.

3. The designation “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be limited to information that any producing party, including any third party, in good faith, believes to contain (a) proprietary or commercially sensitive information; (b) personal financial information; or (c) information that should otherwise be subject to confidential treatment under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

DOCKETED
8/12



4. Information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed only to the following persons:

- (a) a named "Individual Patient Plaintiff" (e.g., persons identified in Paragraphs 13 through 21 of the September 6, 2002, Master Consolidated Class Action Complaint in the AWP Litigation ("Complaint")) who have executed a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (b) in-house counsel of a named party or, for a "Third-Party Payor" or "Non-Profit Association," as those terms are used in the Complaint, that does not have in-house counsel, one officer or employee of that party who is responsible for the AWP Litigation for that party and who has executed a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (c) outside counsel representing a named party in the AWP Litigation, including all paralegal assistants, and stenographic and clerical employees working under the supervision of such counsel;
- (d) court reporters, interpreters, translators, copy services, graphic support services, document imaging services, and database/coding services retained by counsel, provided these individuals or an appropriate company official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (e) an expert or consultant who (i) is retained by any attorney described in Paragraphs 4(b) and (c) to assist with the AWP Litigation, (ii) is not a current employee of a party or subsidiary or affiliate of a party, and (iii) such expert or consultant executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (f) a person who prepared, received, or reviewed the "CONFIDENTIAL" information prior to its production in the AWP Litigation;
- (g) during depositions and preparation for depositions, a deposition witness who is a current employee of the party that produced the applicable document(s) or who appears, based upon the document itself or testimony in a deposition, to have knowledge of the contents of the document designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or the specific events, transactions, discussions, or date reflected in the document, provided such witness executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (h) any private mediators utilized in the AWP Litigation, provided such person executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A; and
- (i) the Court, and any Special Masters and/or Mediators appointed by the Court, under seal.



5. The designation “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEY EYES ONLY” (collectively referred to herein as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL”) shall be limited to information that any producing party, including third parties, in good faith, believes to contain (a) current and past (to the extent they reflect on current) methods, procedures, and processes relating to the pricing of pharmaceuticals; (b) current and past (to the extent they reflect on current) marketing plans and methods; (c) current and past (to the extent they reflect on current) business planning and financial information; (d) trade secrets; (e) past or current company personnel or employee information; and (f) other “CONFIDENTIAL” information (as defined in Paragraph 3) the disclosure of which is likely to cause competitive or commercial injury to the producing party.

6. Information designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” may be disclosed only to the following persons:

- (a) (i) in-house counsel of a named party who have executed a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit B may have access to all “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information; or (ii) in-house counsel of a named party who cannot satisfy the requirements of Exhibit B may have access only to “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information that identifies the company, employees, or drugs of the named party of the in-house counsel;
- (b) outside counsel representing a named party in the AWP Litigation, including all paralegal assistants, and stenographic and clerical employees working under the supervision of such counsel;
- (c) court reporters, interpreters, translators, copy services, graphic support services, document imaging services, and database/coding services retained by counsel, provided these individuals or an appropriate company official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (d) an expert or consultant who (i) is retained by any attorney described in Paragraphs 6(a) and (b) to assist with of the AWP Litigation, (ii) is not a current employee of a party or subsidiary or affiliate of a party; and (iii) such expert or consultant executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (e) a person who prepared, received, or reviewed the “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information prior to its production in the AWP Litigation;



- (f) during depositions and preparation for depositions, a deposition witness who is a current employee of the party that produced the applicable document(s) or who appears, based upon the document itself or testimony in a deposition, to have knowledge of the contents of the document designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" or the specific events, transactions, discussions, or date reflected in the document, provided such witness executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (g) any private mediators utilized in the AWP Litigation, provided such person executes a Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A; and
- (h) the Court, and any Special Masters and/or Mediators appointed by the Court, under seal.

7. This Order does not apply to any information or documents:

- (a) already in the possession of a receiving party and not subject to any obligation of confidentiality; and
- (b) acquired by a receiving party from a third party without being designated confidential or similar material unless the third party received the information or documents subject to any form of confidentiality protection.

8. All information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" in accordance with the terms of this Order and produced or exchanged in the course of the AWP Litigation shall be used or disclosed solely for the purpose of the AWP Litigation and in accordance with the provisions of this Order. Such "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information shall not be used for any business purpose, or in any other litigation or other proceeding, or for any other purpose, except by Court Order or otherwise required by law.

9. Any person or party receiving "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information that receives a request or subpoena for production or disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information shall promptly give notice by facsimile to the producing party identifying the information sought and enclosing a copy of the subpoena or request. Provided that the producing party makes a timely motion or other application for relief from the subpoena or other request in the appropriate forum, the person or party subject to the subpoena or other request shall not produce or disclose the requested



information without consent of the producing party or until ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

10. Counsel shall inform each person to whom they disclose or give access to "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information the terms of this Order, as well as the obligation to comply with those terms. Persons receiving "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information are prohibited from disclosing it to any person except in conformance with this Order. The recipient of any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information agrees to subject himself/herself to the jurisdiction of the Court for the purpose of any proceedings relating to the performance under, compliance with, or violation of this Order. The parties agree, and agree to inform each person to whom they disclose or give access to "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information, that damages for violation of this Order are not an adequate remedy and that the appropriate remedy is injunctive relief. Counsel agrees to maintain a file of all Certifications (Exhibits A and B) required by this Order.

11. The recipient of any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information shall maintain such information in a secure and safe area and shall exercise the same standard of due and proper care with respect to the storage, custody, use and/or dissemination of such information as is exercised by the recipient with respect to his or her own confidential or proprietary information.

12. "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information may include or be included in any document, physical object, tangible thing, transcript or oral testimony or recorded statement of counsel, such as by way of example and not limitation, transcripts, answers to interrogatories and other responses to discovery requests, pleadings, briefs, summaries, notes, abstracts, motions, drawings, illustrations, diagrams, blueprints, journal entries, logbooks, compositions, devices, test reports, programs, code, commands, electronic media, databases, and any other records and reports which comprise, embody or summarize information about the producing party's business, products, practices and procedures.



13. In designating information "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL," the producing or testifying party or person, including third parties, will make such designation only as to that information that it in good faith believes is "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL." All or any part of a document, tangible item, discovery response or pleading disclosed, produced, or filed by any party or person in the AWP Litigation may be designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" by the producing or disclosing party or person by marking the appropriate legend on the face of the document and each page so designated. With respect to tangible items, the appropriate legend shall be marked on the face of the tangible item, if practicable, or by delivering at the time of disclosure, production or filing to the party to which disclosure is made, written notice that such tangible item is "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL."

14. The parties may designate the deposition testimony and exhibits (or portions thereof) of any witness in the AWP Litigation as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" at the time of the deposition by advising the reporter and all parties of such fact during the deposition. If any portion of a videotaped deposition is designated pursuant to this Paragraph, the videocassette or other videotape or CD-ROM container shall be labeled with the appropriate legend. Unless a shortened time period is requested as set forth below, within thirty (30) days of receipt of a transcript, the deponent, his/her counsel, or any other party may redesignate all or portions of the transcript "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL." The deponent, his/her counsel or any other party shall list on a separate piece of paper the numbers of the pages of the deposition transcript containing "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information and serve the same on opposing counsel. Pending such designation, the entire deposition transcript, including exhibits, shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information. If no designation is made within thirty (30) days after receipt of the transcript, the transcript shall be considered not to contain any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information.

(a) a party may reasonably request a shortening of the time period within which a confidentiality designation for a deposition transcript must be made for the purpose of conducting effective discovery, and consent to such a request shall not be unreasonably withheld.



In the event of a dispute as to a request for a shortened time period, the parties shall first try to dispose of such dispute in good faith on an informal basis. If the dispute cannot be resolved within five (5) business days, the party requesting the shortened time period may request appropriate relief from the Court. The parties agree, subject to Court approval, that such relief sought can be in the form of a telephone conference to be scheduled at the Court's earliest convenience with the objective of obtaining an immediate resolution of the dispute;

15. Any documents or pleadings to be filed with the Court that contain "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information, shall be filed under seal in an envelope marked "CONFIDENTIAL -- Filed Under Seal Pursuant to Court Order" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- Filed Under Seal Pursuant to Court Order" and bear the caption of the AWP Litigation and pleading or document title and such other description as will allow the Court to readily identify the documents or information or portions thereof so designated.

16. At the request of a producing party, the Court may limit or restrict person(s) not permitted access to "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information from attending any hearing or deposition at which such information is revealed.

17. Nothing in this Order shall be construed in any way as a finding that information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" actually is "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information. Any party may object, in writing, to the designation by another party by specifying the information in issue and its grounds for questioning the designation. A party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of a designation at the time made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude any subsequent challenge. In the event that any party to the AWP Litigation disagrees at any point in these proceedings with the designation by the producing party, the parties shall try first to dispose of such dispute in good faith on an informal basis. If the parties' cannot resolve the dispute within twenty-one (21) days of service of a written objection, the party challenging the designation may file a motion to compel within twenty-one (21) days after the parties' informal attempts at resolution have concluded. The information, documents or materials shall continue to receive the protection of their designation until the Court rules on the motion. The party that designated the information



"CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" shall have the burden of demonstrating the propriety of its designation.

18. Nothing herein shall be construed to be an admission of relevance or to affect, in any way, the admissibility of any documents, testimony or other evidence in the AWP Litigation. This Order is without prejudice to the right of any party to bring before the Court at any time the question of whether any particular information is or is not discoverable or admissible.

19. Nothing in this Order shall bar or otherwise restrict any attorney herein from rendering advice to clients with respect to the AWP Litigation and in the course thereof, referring to or relying upon the attorney's examination of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information so long as the attorney does not disclose "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information.

20. The inadvertent or mistaken disclosure by a producing party of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information shall not constitute a waiver of any claim of confidentiality except where: (a) the producing party notifies a receiving party in writing of such inadvertent or mistaken disclosure within ten (10) business days of becoming aware of such disclosure and, (b) within thirty (30) days of such notice, the producing party fails to provide properly redesignated documents to the receiving party. During the thirty (30) day period after notice, the materials shall be treated as designated in the producing party's notice. Upon receipt of properly redesignated documents, the receiving party shall return all unmarked or incorrectly designated documents and other materials to the producing party within five (5) business days. The receiving party shall not retain copies thereof and shall treat information contained in said documents and materials and any summaries or notes thereof as appropriately marked pursuant to the producing party's notice.

21. Should any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information be disclosed, through inadvertence or otherwise, by a receiving party to any person or party not authorized under this Order, then the receiving party shall: (a) use its best efforts to obtain the return of any such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information and to



bind such person or party to the terms of this Order; (b) within seven (7) business days of the discovery of such disclosure, inform such person of all provisions of this Order and identify such person or party to the producing party; and (c) request such person or party to sign the Certification attached hereto as Exhibit A or B. The executed Certification shall be served upon counsel for the producing party within ten (10) business days of its execution by the party to whom the "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information was inadvertently disclosed. Nothing in this Paragraph is intended to limit the remedies that the producing party may pursue for breach of this Order.

22. A producing person or entity who is not a party in the AWP Litigation shall be entitled to the protections afforded herein by signing a copy of this Order and serving same on all counsel of record. Thereafter, a producing person or entity may designate as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" only testimony, information, documents or things that such producing person or entity has produced or provided in the action.

23. This Order shall survive the termination of this litigation and the transferred actions and shall continue in full force and effect thereafter.

24. After final termination of this action, the outside counsel for a named party may each retain one copy of deposition transcripts and exhibits, Court transcripts and exhibits, and documents and other materials submitted to the Court. Nothing herein shall require the return or destruction of attorney work product. Such material shall continue to be treated as designated under this Order. Within sixty (60) days after final termination of the AWP Litigation, at the request of the producing party, counsel for the receiving party either shall (a) return all additional "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information in his/her possession, custody or control or in the custody of any authorized agents, outside experts and consultants retained or utilized by counsel for the receiving party to counsel for the party who has provided such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information in discovery or (b) certify destruction thereof to the producing party's counsel. As to "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information reflected in computer databases or backup tapes or



any other electronic form, the receiving party shall erase all such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information.

25. Pursuant to Local Rule 7.2, within thirty (30) days after final termination of the AWP Litigation, outside counsel for a named party shall retrieve from the Court all "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information that it filed with the Court during the AWP Litigation and return or dispose of such information in accordance with Paragraph 24.

26. If information subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege or work product immunity is inadvertently or mistakenly produced, such production shall in no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver of, or estoppel as to, any claim of privilege or work-product immunity for such information. If a party has inadvertently or mistakenly produced information subject to a claim of immunity or privilege, upon written request made by the producing party within twenty-one (21) days of discovery of such inadvertent or mistaken production, the information for which a claim of inadvertent production is made, including all copies, shall be returned within seven (7) business days of such request unless the receiving party intends to challenge the producing party's assertion of privilege or immunity. All copies of inadvertently or mistakenly produced documents shall be destroyed, and any document or material information reflecting the contents of the inadvertently produced information shall be expunged. If a receiving party objects to the return of such information within the seven (7) business day period described above, the producing party may move the Court for an order compelling the return of such information. Pending the Court's ruling, a receiving party may retain the inadvertently or mistakenly produced documents in a sealed envelope and shall not make any use of such information.

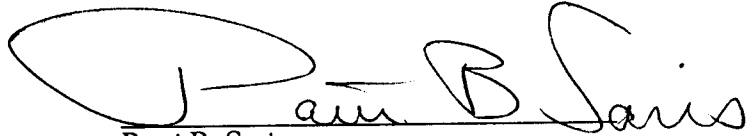
27. Provided a party has followed the procedures set forth herein, the Court deems that the party has complied with the requirements of Local Rule 7.2, Impounded and Confidential Materials.



28. Nothing in this Order shall prevent any party from applying to the Court for relief therefrom, or from applying to the Court for further or additional protective orders or modification of this Order.

29. It is further ordered that all pleadings, memoranda or other documents filed in court shall be treated as public regardless of the terms of this order unless the counsel for the party seeking protection certifies and explains why the material is confidential. To the extent that a brief or other document contains some confidential information, it shall be redacted in a public version.

Dated: 12/13, 2002


Patti B. Saris
United States District Judge



CERTIFICATION – EXHIBIT A

I hereby certify that I have read the attached Protective Order in *In re Pharmaceutical Industry Average Wholesale Price Litigation*, MDL No. 1456, Civil Action No. 01-12257-PBS, dated _____, 2002 (the "Order"), and I agree that I will not reveal "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information to, or discuss such with, any person who is not entitled to receive "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information in accordance with the Order, I will use "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information only for the purposes of facilitating the prosecution or defense of the action and not for any business or other purpose. I will otherwise keep all "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information confidential in accordance with this Order. I agree that the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts has jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the Order, and I consent to jurisdiction of that Court over my person for that purpose. I will otherwise be bound by the strictures of the Order.

Dated: _____

[Print Name]

[Company]

[Address]



IN-HOUSE COUNSEL CERTIFICATION – EXHIBIT B

I hereby certify that I have read the attached Protective Order in *In re Pharmaceutical Industry Average Wholesale Price Litigation*, MDL No. 1456, Civil Action No. 01-12257-PBS, dated _____, 2002 (the “Order”), and I agree that I will not reveal “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information to, or discuss such with, any person who is not entitled to receive “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information in accordance with the Order. I will use “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information only for the purposes of facilitating the prosecution or defense of the action and not for any business or other purpose. I will otherwise keep all “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information confidential in accordance with this Order.

I agree that I will only review “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information in the offices of outside counsel or other location designated by outside counsel. I will not remove such information from outside counsel’s office or other location designated by outside counsel, nor make copies of or maintain any “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” information at the offices at which I work.

My professional relationship with the party I represent and its personnel is strictly one of legal counsel. Although I may attend meetings where others discuss competitive decision-making, I am not involved in competitive decision-making (as discussed in *U.S. Steel Corp. v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465 (Fed. Cir. 1984) and *Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. United States*, 929 F.2d 1577 (Fed. Cir. 1991)), for or on behalf of the party I represent or any other party that might gain a competitive advantage from access to the material disclosed under the Order. Other than legal advice, I do not provide advice or participate in any decisions of such parties in matters involving similar or corresponding information about a competitor. This means that I do not, other than providing legal advice, for example, provide advice concerning decisions about, pricing, marketing or advertising strategies, product research and development, product design or



competitive structuring and compositions of bids, offers, or proposals, with respect to which the use of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" information could provide a competitive advantage.

I have attached a detailed narrative providing the following information: (a) my position and responsibilities as in-house counsel; and (b) the person(s) to whom I report, and their position(s) and responsibilities.

I further agree that the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts has jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the Order, and I consent to jurisdiction of that Court over my person for that purpose. I will otherwise be bound by the strictures of the Order.

Dated: _____

[Print Name]

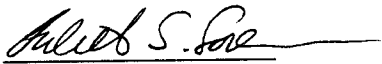
[Company]

[Address]



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on December 13, 2002, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing JOINT MOTION FOR ENTRY OF PROTECTIVE ORDER and proposed PROTECTIVE ORDER to be served on all counsel of record by electronic service in accordance with Case Management Order No. 2.


Juliet S. Sorensen

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 7.1

Pursuant to Local Rule 7.1(A)(2), the undersigned certifies that counsel for defendants conferred with counsel for plaintiff on this motion, and that counsel for plaintiff joined in the motion.


Juliet S. Sorensen